

29 May – 1 June 2016 Cervia, Italy







Is a space to promote the connection between the <u>university</u> and the <u>business world</u>. Created to streamline the <u>transference of knowledge</u> in the quest for new technologies, it allows companies to develop the research and the laboratorial tests needed for the effective selling of new products, adding value to the economy.



This structure came to enrich the Portuguese health cluster, acting as a spill-over in the connection between the university and the market and also promotes technology transfer between the scientific/academic world and the business community, applying the concept of translational research in response to the challenge that involves passing the basic knowledge to their clinical applications and to the general people.





LABoratório de Estudos de EXPOsição ao RADão



The main objective of our laboratory is to study the different aspects of population exposure to radon and the arising health risks.

We have several strands...





Radiation Environment ProjectScientific Occupation for high school studentsScience at Primary SchoolsMasterclasses in Particle Physics – Hands on Particle Physics







Characterization parameters of public health, in the area of analysis of the effects of exposure to radon in public health.



Cado sys

SERVICES PROVIDER



Measurement and certification of radon effective dose and concentration in air, water and soil.





RESEARCH

- ions
- **1. Microdosimetric study with Monte Carlo simulations**
- a) Build a microdosimetric model of the human lung tree;
- b) Develop a dedicate alpha particle transport MC code;
- c) Study alpha particle interactions with human lung acinus;
- d) Assess radio-induced cancer risk on the site.







Alpha particle radiobiology



Goodhead DT. Talk 23, Alpha Emitters, from Session 6, Effects from Specific Sources of Internal Radiation. Presented at: CERRIE Workshop; July 21–23, 2003; Oxford, U.K. In the studied regions, we paid special attention to the **nuclei of cells** where the DNA is located.

We only studied cells that are **radiosensitive** to alpha particles.





2. Radiobiology

Observe the **induced effects**, as a consequence of alpha particle deposition, on algae and on nasturtium officinale cultures









Toxicological Response of the Green Alga *Chlorella vulgaris*

Cellular viability in green algae - The unicellular green alga *are* subjected to a variety of stress conditions and toxicological atmosphere







Algal counting:

Cell number was determined using a hematocytometer chamber (Neubauer) and a fluorescence microscope.



We also analyse

Chlorophyll (spectrophotometer) Cell size (Zetasizer) Cytotoxicity (MTT)





Examine:

- **antioxidative properties** of aqueous and ethanolic extracts of the leaf of Nasturtium Officinale;
- **bioaccumulation** of heavy metals in the watercress leaves.

Determination of **total**

phenols and flavonoids

contents were measured following a spectrophotometric method.



Extracts were evaluated for total **antioxidant activity** by DPPH.









COOPERATION FOR FIGHER EDUCATION ON ADIOLOGICAL AND UCLEAR ENGINEERING

An open European academic network for cooperation in Higher Education on Radiological and Nuclear Engineering

European Radon Association



Improving Awareness and Reducing Risk of Radon Exposure Across Europe



Thank you for your attention

